either that the matter is admitted or that an amended answer be served.

(4) Effect of admission. Any matter admitted under this rule is conclusively established and may be used at a hearing as against the party who made the admission. However, the Administrative Law Judge may permit withdrawal or amendment when the presentation on the merits of the proceeding will be served thereby and the party who obtains the admission fails to satisfy the Administrative Law Judge that withdrawal or amendment will prejudice him in maintaining his action or defense on the merits.

[41 FR 2511, Jan. 16, 1976, as amended at 60 FR 54802, Oct. 26, 1995]

## §10.43 Stipulations.

The parties may by stipulation in writing at any stage of the proceeding, or orally made at hearing, agree upon any pertinent facts in the proceeding. It is desirable that the facts be thus agreed upon so far as and whenever practicable. Stipulations may be received in evidence at a hearing and when received in evidence shall be binding on the parties thereto.

## § 10.44 Depositions and interrogatories.

- (a) When permitted. If it appears that:
  (1) A prospective witness will be unable to attend or testify at a hearing on the basis of age, illness, infirmity, imprisonment or on the basis that he is or will be outside of the United States at the time of the hearing (unless it appears that the absence of the witness was procured by the party seeking to take the deposition),
  - (2) His testimony is material,
- (3) It is necessary to take his deposition in the interest of Justice, the Administrative Law Judge may by order direct that his deposition be taken either orally or in the form of written interrogatories, and may issue a subpoena to compel the attendance of the witness for deposition.
- (b) Application for deposition. Any party desiring to take the deposition of a witness shall make application in writing to the Administrative Law Judge for an order to take deposition. In addition to the showing required in §10.44(a), the application shall include:

- (1) The name and post office address of the witness;
- (2) The specific matters concerning which the witness is expected to testify and their relevance;
- (3) The reasons why the deposition should be taken, supported by affidavits and a physician's certificate, where appropriate;
- (4) The time when, the place where, and the name and address of the person before whom the deposition is to be taken:
- (5) A specification of the documents and materials which the deponent is requested to produce;
  - (6) Application for any subpoenas.
- (c) Service and reply. A copy of the application to take deposition shall be served upon every other party to the proceeding and upon the person sought to be deposed. Any party or the deponent may serve and file an opposition to the application within seven days after the application is filed.
- (d) Time when, place where, and officer before whom deposition is taken—(1) Where the deposition is taken. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed to by stipulation, depositions shall be taken in the city or municipality where the deponent is located.
- (2) Officer before whom taken. (i) Within the United States or a territory of the United States, depositions shall be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held.
- (ii) Within a foreign country, depositions may be taken before an officer or person designated by the Administrative Law Judge or agreed upon by the parties by a stipulation in writing to be filed with the Proceedings Clerk.
- (e) Procedures for taking oral depositions. (1) Oral examination and crossexamination of witnesses shall be conducted in a manner similar to that permitted at a formal hearing. All questions and testimony shall be recorded verbatim, except to the extent that all parties present or represented may agree that a matter shall be off the record
- (2) All objections made at the time of the examination to the qualifications of the officer taking the deposition, or to the manner of taking it, or to the